BULLS AND BEARS

SHARP AND RAPID CHANGES WERE THE FEATURES.

FOUGHT FOR CONTROL

Both Bulls and Bears Had Their Innings, but the Former Won Out-Grains Closed Higher.

The bulls again had the upper hand in shaping the course of the different grain markets on 'Change yesterday, but, notwithstanding that very many influences favored them, they were compelled to fight and fight hard for supremacy, they meeting with resistance at nearly every point. This naturally resulted in a very lively set of markets, and the scene in the pit on the floor has seldom ever been duplicated, while the dealings in the aggresate were large. There was a big attendance of outsiders on the floor, some from the country and others of the city, a majority of whom were interested on the long side, while the profeswere ranged on the short side, and it was their efforts to shake out the former that caused the struggle. The showing made by wheat, corn and oats at the close of the day was a most encouraging one from a bull standpoint, though bigger advances have been made within the last ten days. The former was up %c to %c and closed from %c to %6 higher for the day, while corn showed gains of %c to 36c, and oats were up %c to 1%c as compared with the us day's closing, sentiment, feeling onditions largely favoring a buil market in this grain.

Both bulls and bears had a whack at the wheat market yesterday, and a battle royal was waged between these opposing forces. It was a hard matter to pick the winner, so numerous were price changes, the bulls carrying everything before them one minute, and then the bears, but the former had the most ammunition, including sentiment and conditions, and they won out in the end and the market closed in their favor. The market opened up in a hurrah sort of way, there being a wild rush to sell on the part of certain traders, on the break in corn, cooler weather in the Northwest, showers in certain localities and a let-down of 11/2d at Liverpool, which did not look as if traders over there were uneasy over crop conditions Both bulls and bears had a whack at the at Liverpool, which did not look as if traders over there were uneasy over crop conditions in this country and on the Continent. Another bearish influence was the arrival here of over 164,000 bu. The send-off for Sept. was % file lower at 65%c, while Dec. opened up 1 to lower at 65%c, while Dec. opened up 1 to lower at 65%c, while Dec. opened up 1 to lower at 65%c. While Dec. opened up 1 to lower at 65%c. While Dec. opened up 1 to lower at 65%c. The market continued to grow stronger, the influences being a stiff rally in the coarse grains, buying by parties who were of the opinion that there had been break enough and advices of from 20 to 25 per cent damage to the South Dakota crop. The day's clearances were heavy at over 1,05,000 bu., and Bradstreet's reported a decrease of 4,000,000 bu. in the world's visible. All these naturally created a bullish feeling and a desire to buy, and the result was that Bept. in a short time was salling at 44,0%c. Late cables were not of an encouraging nature, that is, not altometer, as Liverpool closed 1½d and London 1½d lower for the day. Berlin was off ½c and Buda-Pesth ½c, while Antwerp was unchanged. During the balance of the session raders of all decrees were strongly bullish, and nothing but bull advices was considered for a minute. From the Northwest came a lood of damage reports, running as high as 5 per cent. This started buying again, and under the stimulus of the good demand Sept. We shall be s

the close. For May 25-4c was bid early and for July 34-4c late.

Trade Gessip.

The low condition of corn brings up interesting comparisons with previous crops. Since the acreage of corn crossed the 7,000,000 mark, there have been five years in which the results nave been very timastifactory. In 1857 the acreage was 1,000,000 mark there have been very timastifactory in 1857 the acreage was 1,000,000 mark there was 4,000,000 acres. In 1859 the coresive daments of 1,500,000 acres. In 1859 there was a transfer loss in acreage was 1,000,000 acres. In 1859 there was a transfer loss in acreage wing to excessive daments of 1,500,000 acres. In 1859 there was a transfer loss in acres with the actual area the insulated since 1879. In 1859 the condition in July was 25 and in Aug. 1859,000 acres with the actual area the insulated since 1879. In 1859 the condition in July was 25 and in Aug. 21. The acreage in the States most directly affected by the precent dry weather was last year 2, 254,000, and there is possibility of considerable area bring abandoned in these States.

The exports of wheat and flour from the United States for the year ending June 20, 1851, according to the Bureau of Statistics. Treasur, Department, equaled 14, 301,601 bu. wheat, in cluding 16, 164, 301, 301 bu. wheat, in cluding to the Bureau of Statistics. Treasur, Department, equaled 14, 301,601 bu. wheat, in cluding to the surface of the week was a factor of the previous season. Wheat and flour exports the preceding season were 180,160,010 bu.

Theodore Bartholow, the Jewell City, Kas., banker, wires: "Early corn gone, Late corn, with good rain this week, will probably make quarter to half crop." Jewell County is one of the best corn countles in Kansas.

The advance in grain has affected the ocean freight market unfavorably, and rates are lower in nearly all positions, with but little movement toported.

A Springfeld, Ill., dispatch said the Illinois weekly report was very bearish on wheat, not so bullish on corn as would be expected after such a bot

17 cars through. Steady for mixed and stronger for good grades of white. Demand mainly local, but some shipping orders filled. Sales of sample at 35c for No. 2 and for rust proof No. 3, but ordinary No. 3 not worth over 34½c. No. 2 Northern 5935½c; No. 2 white salable at 40c; No. 3 white sold at 35g23½c spot and 36c to arrive; No. 4 white at 36g33c.

RYE—Firm but demand limited. Grade No. 2 sold del. at 54c.

FLOUR—Some millers reported the other side bidding up for four, but none of them could announce any business, as the cable bids were still too low. Domestic trade was fairly good and showed an improving tendency. Patents \$1.0013.4c; straights \$1.1598.30; extra fancy 559 \$1.5c; clear \$2.4092.80; hard winter in jute sks. \$2.56g.2.60 for clear, \$2.7092.80 for straights and \$5863.10 for patents; spring wheat patents (old) \$2.003.7c in wood, 20c less in jute sks. at 25.003.7c in wood, 20c less in jute sks. and \$3.20 in bils.

CORNMEAL—City meal, f. o. b., \$2.70, and pearl meal grits and hominy \$3.

MILLFEED—Offerings extremely light, both by local and outside mills. Western mills canceling sales of feed made for July-Aug. shipment at \$2.50 per ton and of bran in 100-lib. sks. at equal to 724.77c here. City millers asking 75c for bran in large sks. and shippers generally not bidding over 1c, but sold at equal to 72c £c. trk. Mixed feed worth 75676c. At mill bran sells at \$2.500 per ton and of bran in slowling scenerally not bidding over 1c, but sold at equal to 72c £c. trk. Mixed feed worth 75676c. At mill bran sells at \$2.500 per ton and of the shippers generally not bidding over 1c, but sold at equal to 72c £c. trk. Mixed feed worth 75676c. At mill bran sells at \$2.500 per ton and of order sold at equal to 72c £c. trk. Mixed feed worth 75676c. At mill bran sells at \$2.500 per ton and of order sellents. Orders coming for choice timothy from districts where heat and drought most prevalent. Old timothy salable at \$1.500 in for choice, if any here, \$156916 for No. 1, \$12.50914 for No. 2; new timothy selling at \$14

and choice.

LEAD AND SPELTER—Steady, but quiet for LEAD AND SPELTER—Steady, but quiet for Lead at 4.274 for soft Missouri and 44.25 for chemical band, favorite brand latter at 34.60.

Spelter nominally 31.324.

Prices on Change.

St. Louis.
Chicago 219,250 12,070
Toledo 28,817 4,070
Detroit 5,473
Kansas City 125,500 123,200
Milwaukee 22,250 2,550
Minneapolis 146,080 23,600
Toluth 26,850 52,000
Toluth 66,860 52,000 Stocks of Grain in Store. Yes'day. .1,076,270 . 261,511 . 27,752 . 6,307

PRODUCE MARKETS.

Local Fruit, Vegetable, Poultry, Egg and Butter Quotations. BEETS-Home-grown sell at 50c per doz

Corn at this point, started off in the manner that wheat did, but only partify for the same reasons. There were reports of improved crop conditions from several points in the West, owing to rains, and the predictions were for more rains in sections where most needed, but the chief influence was the attempt of professionals to shake out country holders of long corn, but they met with but little success. Still, there was sufficient selling on the part of the long interest to open the market 2½c lower than it closed the day before, Sept. selling at 4½c to 45c. But these low prices brought in buyers, and it was only a very short time when Sept. was selling at 4½c. From this time on the market was all one way, and it rapidly recovered the ground lost earlier in the day. Advices of continued hot and dry weather began pouring in from the Southwest and denying the reported improvement.

heavy and the demand was only fair. Fancy fruit sold readily, but common stock was slow of sale at any price.
Cherries were scarce, but there was only a limited cemand.
Plums were plentiful and lower. Receipts were unusually heavy, and the demand was rather slow. Home-grown stock was offered freely.
Blackberries were dull and slow. Receipts were motienate, but offerings were in excess of the demand.

Pears were scarce and wanted. Choice fruit would have brought good prices.
Currants were weak and lower, as receipts of consigned stock were heavy and the demand was slow.

Cantaloupes were more plentiful, and prices were lower. Receipts were heavy, and much of the stock was overripe, while the demand was only fair and confined principally to choice melons.

Watermelons were in fair demand and slightly lower. Receipts were light and choice melons.

Oranges were firm and in good demand. Choice fruit was scarce, and dealers were asking stiff prices.

Lemons were firm and in good demand, with offerings light and prices higher.

Plineappies were in fair demand, and choice fruit was steady, but stocks are decaying badly.

Other fruits were steady and unchanged.

Live poutlity was all and wat, but there was no quotable change in prices. Hens were plentiful, and the Jemand was slow. Receipts of spring chickens were also fairly heavy. Epring ducks were steady, but turkeys, ducks and geese were dull and nominal.

Dressed poultry was dull and neglected, on account of the hot weather and liberal offerings of live stock.

Veals were dull and slow at unchanged prices. The better grades were in best demand, but buyers were inclined to hold off. Receipts were inderent to hold off. Receipts were moderate.

Hides were scarce and firm. Receipts were likely, except that business was duller than ever. Receipts were likely ever licitied to hold off. Receipts at St. Louis were 950 cases and shipments were sold at 5c. loss off, and some not so good sold at 6c, loss off.

Butter—The market was firm on all grades yesterday, but there was a

Above in the "man and have no record works of the control of the c

BLACKBERRIES—Home-grown worth from 65 or fancy Lawton down to 60c for common pe

HLACKBERRIES—Home-grown worth from 6s for fancy Lawton down to 40s for common per 5-gal, tray loose.

WHORTLEBERRIES—Choice Arkansas receipts sold at \$2.5063 per 5-gal, case.

PEARS—Home-grown 906631 per 4-bu, basket. GOOSEBERRIES—Quote at 76638c per 3-gal, tray loose; Indiana \$1.75 per 6-gal, case; Michigan 4-gal, case \$1.2561.50.

CURRANTS—Indiana 24-quart cases sold at \$1.35. CURRANTS—Indiana 24-quart cases sout at \$1.35.

WATERMELONS—Texas sold at \$15@16 per 100 for 15-1b. average up to \$25 per 100 for choice, and fancy melons at \$30 per 100; carloads \$150@125 per car on trk.

CANTALOUPES—Texas gems at \$1.25@1.75 for full crates; \$1@1.35 per 2-3 crate for choice, but green sold for much less; Arkansas \$56@6c per 12-bu. basket; Alabama \$1.35 per bu. lox; Louisiana at \$2 per sugar bbl., \$1 per dox.

CALIFORNIA FRUIT—Quote: Prunes—Tragedy at \$1.65@1.75 per box. Bartlett pears \$2.75@3 per box.

PINEAPPLES—Jobbing at \$2.25@2.65 per crate for Florida. PINEAPPLES—Jobbing at \$1.202.30 per chair for Florida.

ORANGES—Car lots on trk: Late Valencia at \$1.50 for choice to \$3.75 for fancy; in a jobbing way \$3.750 4.60 a box; Messina blood oranges in half bas: 680 and 190 sizes), at \$2 per \(\frac{1}{2}\)-box.

Jobbing prices 25c per box higher than car lots.

LEMONS—Quote Culifornia on trk. at \$4.25 for choice to \$4.50 for fancy—some of the receipts showing decay; though the stock is running much better. In a jojbbing way repacked Sielly and Verdelli at \$50 for and California at \$4.00 for per box by dealers. much better. In a joibbing way repacked Sicily and Verdelli at \$4.566 and California at \$4.566 per box by dealers.

LEMONS—Quotable at \$1 per 100.

COCOANUTS—Selling by dealers at \$17270 per 1,600—in a small way at \$2.50 per 100.

BANANAS—On orders at \$1.5021.75 per bunch.
POTATOES—Home-grown early Ohlo from 70c to 82c per bu., mainly at 80c. Near-by river stock worth 60870c. on Levee.
ONIONS—We quote: Choice near-by yellow 85c;

Arkansas 50c per 1-3-bu, box, and 75c per 4-basket crate.
CUCUMBERS—We quote Louisiana at \$1.25@
1.50 per bu, crate for choice green; stale yellow, etc., 75c. Alabama large crates quotable at \$100 1.25, barrels \$3; Texas bu, crates sold at \$1 inot choice). Home-grown sold at \$306 the per dox, \$3.50 61.75 per bu, for choice.
BUTTER BEANS—Home-grown \$202.50 per bu, GREEN CORN—Consignments not wanted. Home-grown sold at 12015c per dox.
CELERY—We quote Michigan at 1214020c per bunch; fancy large 30230c per bunch; Chicago 75c \$31 per case.
RADISHES—Home-grown sell at 30030c per dox, bunches. oz. bunches. PEPPERS-We quote New Orleans at \$1@1.25 PEPPERS—We quote No.

per bu, crate,
LETTUCE—Home-grown sold at 40%50c per bu,
box loose, Orders higher. Fancy consigned stock
at \$2.7863 per bbl.
EGGPLANT—New Orleans dull at 40%50c per
doz, or \$i, per bbl.

CORN WAS STRONGER IN CHICAGO MARKET.

WHEAT OPENED WEAK, BUT CLOSED HIGHER.

Bullish Trend Due to Good Buying From Scattered Sources-Provisions Were Steady.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL. Chicago, July 16.-Wheat opened weak, but advanced and closed 14c higher on good buying from scattered sources. Corn showed strength throughout the ession and shorts were good buyers. Oats were lower early, but advanced and

closed higher. Provisions were steady in sympathy with the grain markets.

At the start wheat was as weak as corn was strong. The heavy foreign markets and reports that the crop of spring wheat nad not been damaged much by the hot weather caused the easy feeling. Large rea decline since yesterday of about %c at the opening to-day, but the buying by shorts around this decline prevented a further break. Sentiment was quite mixed, but later on the situation changed about and the market displayed good reactionary power. The rally was very well maintained and the close showed Sept. up 1c and Dec. % Gic higher. The lower opening was at-tributed mainly to the break in corn, detures in the Northwest, where there were no showers. Receipts at Liverpool the past three days were 440,000 bu. Futures came 1½d lower. London declined 1½@1½d. Antwerp was unchanged, Selling of long wheat was unchanged, seiling of long wheat was the early feature, quite a few stop-loss orders being executed. The liberal lo-cal arrivals, 308 cars, possibly was a factor. At the decline prominent elevator interests At the decline prominent elevator interests and commission houses turned buyers, and the market responded readily to the same. Bradstreet's available supply showed a liberal reduction, 4,442,000 bu., as against 2,921,000 bu. decrease one year ago. Minneapolis wired the crop was now passing through the critical period, and had been damaged 10/2/20 per cent in South Dakota, but no serious injury as yet in Minnesota and North Dakota. Harvest will commence in South Minnesota and North Dakota. Harvest will commence in the latter part of this week. The Southwest and local traders were good buyers when the market turned to-day and later in the session New York reported as a buyer. The close was near the top for the day. Northwestern receipts were 230 cars, as against 203 last year, local receipts large, 280 cars, as against 225 last year. The estimated receipts for to-morrow are 220 cars. Receipts at Western primary points were 745.998 bu., as against 721,141 bu. last year. Shipments were 563,000 bu., against 453,125 bu. last year. Exports amounted to 1,679,-949 bu.

949 bu.

Spring wheat was quiet and lower in the early part of session, but later strengthened up. Winter wheat was in good demand, and sales were generally made at about a cent below yesterday.

Corn.

There was a nervous, unsettled corn market seem to down covering a range of %c to

There was a nervous, unsettled corn market again to-day, covering a range of %c to 3%c. At the start prices showed a decline of %c to 13%c from the close of yesterday, but later there was a sharp advance and prices recovered 2%c to 2%. Sept. closed 1%c higher, Dec. 1%c higher and May 1%c better. The decline at the opening was on showers in the West, which, however, were not sufficient to be of material benefit to the growing crop, but these showers and general cloudiness throughout the corn belt suggested more rain and the bears were active on the selling side. On the break there was free covering by shorts, and the longs who sold out at good profits soon reinstated their lines, causing a sudden advance. Local professionals bought the distant futures and the country was credited with liberal purchases on the advance. Western advices were generally bullish, and sent good buying orders when the advance got a good start. The local receipts were rather large—68 cars, with but 190 estimated for to-morrow.

Bradstreet's available supply showed a decline of 11,000 bu. last year. Western primary receipts were 684,000 bu., as against 463,000 bu. last year. The shipping demand was better, and a sale of 10,000 bu. was made to go Southwest. Car lots were in smaller supply and good demand and the bulk of sales were made at yesterday's were 60,000 burs and prices were firegular. Corn by sample was in good demand and the bulk of sales were made at yesterday's were 50,000 burs as good demand and the bulk of sales were made at yesterday's were of the part of the cows. which were can be suit of the cows.

Low-grade sold at 42@44c; good nominally Rye.

Rye.

There was a decline of about 1/4c in rye, but the advance in other grains later caused a reaction and at the close prices were 5/4c higher. Three cars were taken out, but no export clearances were reported from the seaboard. Fifteen cars were received. No. 2 car lots sold at 504/2621/4c; No. 3, 50c; July sold a cent over Sept., which closed 51c asked and 50%c bid.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

230 951 2.21 147 726 2.45
25 951 2.21 147
25 828 3.00 24 726 2.45

Late yesterday
43 745 2.75 37 730 2.75
44 857 2.75

29 mix 569 2.81 31 753 2.50
192 c. & h. 569 2.81 25 mix 756 2.67
10 745 2.50 57 mix 685 2.5
20 746 2.50 57 mix 685 2.5

Choice timothy \$15316; Rye-No. 2 38c. HayChoice timothy \$15316; do. prairie \$15371. Receipts—Wheat \$125,000 hu.; corn \$21,200; cats \$2,000.
Shipmen—Wheat \$123,200 hu.; corn \$21,200; cats \$10,000.
Liverpool. July \$15,—Wheat—Spot dull; No. 2 red
Western winter \$6 dd; No. 1 Northern spring \$8
56; No. 1 California \$6 sed. Futures steady; Sept.
\$6 554d; Dec. \$6 54d. Corn—Spot quiet; American
mixed new 4s \$14d; American mixed old 4s 4d.
Futures quiet; July nominal; Sept. 4s \$13d; Oct.
\$6 54d; Lard—American refined in palls, steady,
\$43 3d; prime Western in tes, steady, \$48 3d; Racon—Long clear puiddes light, steady, \$48 3d. Racolpts of wheat during the past three days 263,
500 centals, including \$12,000 American. Receipts
of American corn during three days \$107,190 centals.
Chicago, July \$16.—Cash quotations were as follows: Flour steady. Wheat—No. 2 spring \$3c;
No. 2 red \$6446674c. Corn—No. 2 \$40; No. 2 \$40;
No. 2 50346534c. Seeds.
No. 1 the \$1.50; No. 1 flax \$1.50; No. 1
Northwestern \$1.58; prime limothy \$1.56; cloper bbl., \$1469466; lard, per Polylabase pork,
\$3.50; \$4.00; No. 2 \$40; No. 2 \$40;
Northwestern \$1.58; prime limothy \$1.56; cloper bbl., \$1469466; lard, per Polylabase pork,
\$3.50; \$4.00; No. 2 \$40; No. 2 \$40;
No. 1 Northern \$656; Spring \$100; No. 1 \$40; \$40;
\$3.50; \$4.00; No. 2 \$60; No. 2 \$60;
\$3.50; \$4.00; No. 2 \$60; No. 2 \$60;
\$3.50; \$4.00; No. 2 \$60; No. 2 \$60;
\$4.00; No. 1 Northern \$516; No. 2 \$60;
\$4.00; No. 1 Northern \$516; No. 2 \$60; No. 1 \$60;
\$4.00; Spring \$40;
\$40; Spring \$40;
\$40;

674c. Corn—Sept. 1972.

674c. Barley steady; No. 2 544655c; Samu-Sept. 655c.

Minneapolis, July 16.—Wheat—Cash 664c; Sept. 654c; Dec. 654c; No. 1 hard 654c; No. 1 Northern 654c; No. 2 Northern 644c. Flour and bran unchanged.

Natives Slow to Easier—Texans Active and Steady—Hogs Lower.

Beef Steers—Native beef offerings showed liberal volume, but were lacking in ouality and Jesh, few bunches being desirable enough to pass the 5c mark. It was a slow market, and even as late as 1 o'clock very little had been weighed up. The movement then commenced with a right, the alleys being crowded with beef steers. Buyers and sellers were not very far apart, but both were obstinate, which ereated the draggy trade. Prices, as a rule, were called steady to easier, with the weakness on the unfinished kinds.

Representative sales:

BEEF AND RUTCHER STEERS.

No. Av. Pr. [No.

SPOT COTTON MARKETS. Markets Generally Quiet and Few Changes to Note in Prices.

Av. Pr. No. 1034 \$3.50 215 933 3.25 147 24

ARKANSAS AND TENNESSEE CATTLE.
STEERS.

514 2.25

Late yesterday:

Spot Cotton Market.

New Ortens.

Mobile—Nominal at 8½c; receipts 15 bales.

Savannah—Quiet at 8½c; receipts 5.05 bales.

Norfolk—Steady at 8½c; receipts 1,067 bales.

Charleston—Firm at 8½c; receipts 4 bales.

Wilmington—Firm at 8c; receipts none.

Baltimore—Nominal at 8 9-16c; receipts

569. Futures quiet; July 3.1503.32. Aug. 1.369
7.89c; Sept. 7.5497.55c; Oct. 7.4297.45c; Nov. 7.42
67.46c; Dec. 7.4167.55c; Jan. 7.4467.46c; Feb.
7.4667.49c.
Kansas City. Mo.. July 16.—Cattle—Receipts
8.500 natives, 800 Texans and 400 calves; market
generally 15625c higher; choice export and dress
beef steers 1565.50; fair to good \$4.5564.56;
stockers and feeders \$2.566.45; canners \$1.5662.40;
bulks 32.35.90; Texans cows \$2.6061; native cows
\$2.5064.10; heliers \$2.2564.5; canners \$1.5662.40;
bulls \$2.2563.75; calves \$365.25. Hogs.—Receipts
\$1.500, the heaviest day's receipts in the history
of the market; market 5635c lower; top \$5.95;
bulk of sales \$5.5065.85; light \$5.3065.70; pigs \$4.406
5.25. Sheep.—Receipts \$2.500; market steady; lambs
\$4.5065.50; wethers \$3.3563.75; yearlings \$3.756
\$4.55; ewes \$363.40; stock sheep \$1.5062.75
St. Joseph. Mo., July 16.—Cattle—Receipts \$1.23;
market strong on best, others steady to weak;
natives \$4.1065.80; cows and helfers \$104.75; bulls
and stags \$2.2564.90; stockers and feeders \$2.2564
4.55; ewes \$265.25; Hogs.—Receipts \$1.500; market S5.50.

York July 15.—Beeves—Receints 35; nomitedly; cables quoted live cattle firmer at 124c; tops 125c; refrigerator beef higher er 1b; shipments 510 beeves and 4,850 quarres of to-morrow 4,105 quarters of beef.

Receipts 205; slow and lower; 100 calves medium to choice veals 8627; culls 84,59; milks nominal. Sheep and lambs—Receipts 205; slow and slower.